# TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED BALANCE SHEET

				Amount	in Lakhs
Particulars	Note	As at 31.03	.2023	As at 31.03	3.2022
Particulars	No	₹	₹	₹	₹
I. ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalent	2 _	9.43	9.43	17.95	17.95
	_		9.43		17.95
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity:					
Share Capital	3	122.44		122.44	
Other equity	4 _	(121.23)	1.21	(113.00)	9.44
Current Liabilities					
Financial liablities					
Trade payables					
- total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and					
Small enterprises	5			-	
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and Small enterprises		1.79		0.25	
Other current liabilities	6	5.31		7.14	
Current Tax liabilities	7	1.12	8.22	1.12	8.51
			9.43		17.95

In Accordance with our Report attached

#### For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

SATYANARAY ANA MURTHI RAMACHAND

Digitally signed by SATYANARAYANA MURTHI RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04

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R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

RAN

Membership No.024248

Place : Bangalore
Date : 4th May 2023

#### For and on behalf of Board of Directors

MOHIB NOMANBHAI KHERICHA

Mohib N Khericha

Director

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 4th May 2023

Nikhil Kumar

Director NIKHIL

Place: Bangalore KUMAR!

Date: 4th May 2023

Digitally signed by NIKHIL

#### TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE

			An	nount in Lakhs
	Particulars	Note	Year ended 31.03.2023	Year ended 31.03.2022
		No	₹	₹
I.	Revenue from Operations			
II.	Other Income			
III	Total revenue (I + II)			•
IV	Expenses			
	Employee benefits expense	8	•	1.02
	Other expenses	9	9.08	8.74
	Total Expenses		9.08	9.76
v	Profit/(loss)before tax (III-IV)		(9.08)	(9.76)
VI	Tax expense:			
	- Current tax		1.12	1.12
VII	Profit/(loss) for the period (V-VI)		(10.20)	(10.88)
VIII	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	10	1.97	(1.49)
	Total		1.97	(1.49)
	Total comprehensive income for the period (VII+VIII)		(8.23)	(12.37)
IX	Earning per equity share:			
	Basic and Diluted (₹.)		(510.00)	(544.00)

In Accordance with our Report attached

For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

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MURTHI RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04 18:20:34

RAMACHANDRAN

R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

Membership No.024248

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023



For and on behalf of Board of Director:

MOHIB NOMANBHA! KHERICHA =

Mohib N Khericha

Director

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 4th May 2023

Nikhil Kumar

Director

Digitally signed

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023

#### TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Particulars	Numbers	Amount in Lakhs
<b>Equity Share Capital:</b> Equity shares of JPY 10000 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
As at 1st April 2021	2,000	122.44
Issue of share capital		
As at 31st March 2022	2,000	122.44
As at 1st April 2022	2,000	122.44
Issue of share capital	-	
As at 31st March 2023	2,000	122.44

**Other Equity** 

Particulars	Retained	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operation	Total other equity
As at 1st April 2021	(138.81)	38.18	(100.63)
Profit for the year 1st April 2021 to 31st March 2022	(10.88)		(10.88)
Other comprehensive income		(1.49)	(1.49)
As at 31st March 2022	(149.69)	36.69	(113.00)
As at 1st April 2022	(149.69)	36.69	(113.00)
Profit for the period 1st April 2022 to 31st March 2023	(10.20)		(10.20)
Other comprehensive income		1.97	1.97
As at 31st March 2023	(159.89)	38.66	(121.23)

In Accordance with our Report attached

#### For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

SATYANARAYAN A MURTHI

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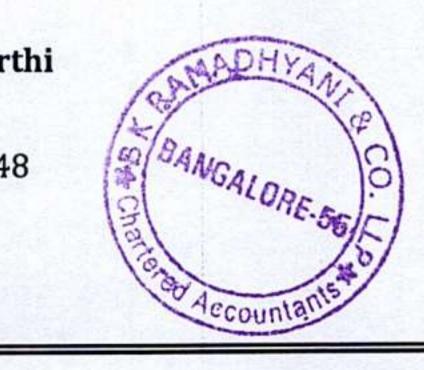
RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04 18:20:53

R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

Membership No.024248

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

MOHIB

Mohib N Khericha

Director

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 4th May 2023

Nikhil Kumar

Director

NIKHIL Digitally signed by NIKHIL KUMAR

NIKHIL KUMAR

Date: 2023.05.04

Place: Bangalore

Nikhil Kumar

16:57:13 +05'30'

Date: 4th May 2023

	Particulars	Year ended 31	.03.2023	Year en 31.03.2	
A	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
	Net Profit before tax		(9.08)		(9.76)
	Adjustments for				
	(Decrease)/Increase in Trade Payables	1.54		(0.02)	
	(Decrease)/Increase in Other Payable	(1.83)	(0.29)	(0.01)	(0.03)
	Cash generated from Operations		(9.37)		(9.79)
	Direct Taxes Paid		1.12		1.20
	Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(10.49)		(10.99)
	Net Foreign exchange difference on translation		1.97		(1.49)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning		17.95		30.43
	Cash and cash equivalents at close		9.43		17.95
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year- Constitute				
	- Balances with banks				
	In current accounts		9.43		17.95

NOTES: Cashflows are reported using the indirect method. Cash and cash equivalents is after adjusting translation gain/loss.

In Accordance with our Report attached

#### For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

SATYANARAYA Digitally signed by **NA MURTHI** 

SATYANARAYANA MURTHI

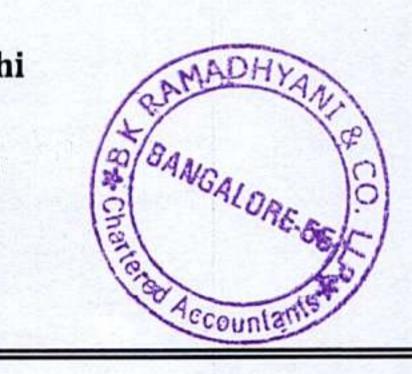
RAMACHANDRA RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04 N 18:21:13 +05'30'

R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

Membership No.024248

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

MOHIB NOMANBHAI KHERICHA

Mohib N Khericha

Director

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 4th May 2023

Nikhil Kumar

Director

Digitally signed by NIKHIL KUMAR NIKHIL KUMAR Date: 2023.05.04 16:57:49 +05'30'

Place: Bangalore

Date: 4th May 2023

#### TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED

SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2023

#### 1 Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements:

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis and on accrual method of accounting. Historical cost convention is adopted while preparing financial statements. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported year.

#### 1.2 Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, and value added tax/GST.

The Company recognizes revenue from sale of goods when the following criteria have been satisfied:

- (a) the entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- (b) the entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (d) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- (e) the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably

#### Timing of recognition:

Revenue from Sale of Manufactured goods and in case of project business is recognized on shipment to customers or acceptance by the customers. On Service contracts, revenue is recognised based on the estimates made on completion as at the end of the reporting period.

#### Measurement of revenue:

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

#### 1.3 Property Pland and Equipment:

All items of Property, Plant and Equipment's are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment losses, if any. the cost of Property, Plant and Equipment's are stated at cost of acquisition excluding vatable duties, inclusive of freight, taxes and incidental expenses relating to the acquisition and finance cost on borrowings utilized for acquisition of qualifying Property, Plant and Equipment's.

Property, Plant and Equipment's manufactured internally and capitalised at Factory Cost.

#### Depreciation:

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided using straight line method (SLM) with reference to the estimated useful life of the Property, Plant and Equipment's less its residual value as prescribed under Schedule II of The Companies Act 2013, or actual useful life of the asset, whichever is lower. Property, Plant and Equipment's costing below ₹. 5,000/- are depreciated fully. Depreciation is charged for complete quarter on addition / deletion.

#### 1.4 Inventories:

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, which ever is lower. Raw materials and bought out items are valued on first in first out basis as per Indian Accounting Standard and includes material cost, carriage inward, insurance and purchase related expenses. Cost in respect of work in progress and finished goods are based on works cost.

#### 1.5 Foreign currency transactions:

- a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into Indian rupees at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.
- b) Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities outstanding at the end of the year are restated at the exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date. In terms of IND AS 21, the exchange gains/losses are charged to other comprehensive income..
- c) Non monetary items denominated in foreign currency, are valued at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction.
- d) In respect of overseas branches, financial statements are translated as if the transactions are those of the Company itself.



#### TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED

SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2023

#### 1.6 Borrowing Cost:

Interest and other borrowing cost on borrowings relatable to qualifying assets are capitalized up to the date such assets are ready for use. Other interest and borrowing cost are charged to Profit & Loss Account.

#### 1.7 Contingent Liabilities:

Financial effects of contingent liabilities are disclosed based on information available up to the date on which financial statements are approved. However, where a reasonable estimate of financial effect cannot be made, suitable disclosures are made with regard to this fact and the existence and nature of the contingent liability.

#### 1.8 Impairment of assets:

At each balance sheet date, the management reviews the carrying amount of its asset to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. Reversal of impairment loss, if any, is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.9 Leases:

#### Company as a Lessee:

Contracts with third party, which give the company the right of use in respect of an Asset, are accounted in line with the provisions of Ind AS 116 - Leases, if the recognition criteria as specified in the Accounting standard are met.

Lease payments associated with Short terms leases and Leases in respect of Low value assets are charged off as expenses on straight line basis over lease term or other systematic basis, as applicable.

At commencement date, the value of "right of use" is capitalised at the present value of outstanding lease payments plus any initial direct cost and estimated cost, if any, of dismantling and removing the underlying asset and presented as part of Plant, property and equipment.

Liability for lease is created for an amount equivalent to the present value of outstanding lease payments and presented as Borrowing. Subsequent measurement, if any, is made using Cost model.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability created and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the Statement of Profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.

#### Company as a lessor:

Leases are classified as operating lease or a finance lease based on the recognition criteria specified in Ind AS 116 - Leases

#### **Finance Lease:**

At commencement date, amount equivalent to the "net investment in the lease" is presented as a Receivable. The implicit interest rate is used to measure the value of the "net investment in Lease".

Each lease payment is allocated between the Receivable created and finance income. The finance income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss over the lease period so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in Lease.

The asset is tested for de-recognition and impairment requirements as per Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments. Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.

#### **Operating Lease:**

The company recognises lease payments from operating leases as income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis, if required.

Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.



#### TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

	Amo	unt in Lakhs
Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
	₹	₹
2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT:		
Balances with banks		
- on current accounts	9.43	17.95
	9.43	17.95



# TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

#### 3 SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Authorized:		
Equity shares of JPY 10,000/- each:		
Number of Equity Shares	8,000	8,000
Amount of Equity Share Capital (in JPY)	800.00	800.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:		
Equity shares of JPY 10,000/- each		
Number of Equity Shares		
At the beginning of the year	2,000	2,000
Issued during the year	•	
At the close of the year	2,000	2,000
Amount of Equity Share Capital (Amount in Lakhs)		
At the beginning of the year	122.44	122.4
Issued during the year		
At the close of the year	122.44	122.4
Particulars of equity share holders holding more than 5% of the	As at	As at
total paid up equity share capital:	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
TD Power Systems Limited (Holding Company)		
- Number of Shares held	2,000	2,000
- Percentage of Share Capital	100.00%	100.009



# TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

		Am	ount in Lakhs
	Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
		₹	₹
4	OTHER EQUITY:		
	Surplus i.e. balance in Statement of Profit & Loss		
	As at the beginning of the year	(149.69)	(138.81)
	Add: Transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	(10.20)	(10.88)
	As at the end of the year - A	(159.89)	(149.69)
	Other Comprehensive Income		
	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations		
	As at the beginning of the year	36.69	38.18
	Add: Transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	1.97	(1.49)
	As at the end of the year - B	38.66	36.69
	Total (A+B)	(121.23)	(113.00)
5	TRADE PAYABLES		
	-total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and Small		
	enterprises	1.79	0.25
		1.79	0.25
	Additional disclosure:		
	Outstanding dues to Others - Less than 1 year	1.79	0.25
6	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
	Outstanding Liabilities	5.31	7.14
		5.31	7.14
7	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES:		
•	Provision for taxation	1.12	1.12
	1 TOVISION TOT CANALION	1.12	1.12
		1,12	1,12



# TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT'S FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

		Am	ount in Lakhs
Note	Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2023	Year ended 31.03.2022
No.		₹	₹
8	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES:		
	Salaries and wages		1.02
			1.02
9	OTHER EXPENSES:		
	Rates and taxes	0.76	0.74
	Legal and professional charges	6.83	6.45
	Bank Charges	1.40	1.45
	Subscription to Technical Associations, Journals & Magazines	0.09	0.10
		9.08	8.74
10	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS):		
	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	1.97	(1.49)
		1.97	(1.49)



### TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

#### 11 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Sl. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship
1	T D Power Systems Ltd,.	Holding Company
2(a)	DF Power Systems Pvt Ltd,.	
2(b)	TD Power Systems USA Inc.	Follow Cubaldiam
2(c)	TD Power Systems Europe GmbH	Fellow Subsidiary
2(d)	TD Power Systems Jenerator Sanayi Anonim Sirketi	

- 12 The company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial positon as on the reporting date.
- 13 The company does not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 14 Pursuant to consent of the shareholders at its Extra ordinary meeting held on February 28, 2023, it is resolved that the Company, be dissolved effective February 28, 2023 subject to compliance with applicable statutory requirements. Accordingly, application for dissolution and statutory notifications have been initiated. Consequently financial have been drawn on realisation basis.
- No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

#### 16 Recent amendments to Standards:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

#### Ind AS 1 - Presentation of financial Statements:

This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies.

#### Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors:

This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates.



# FOF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023 TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART

17 Details of Key Ratios: - (All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

1	Details of they married for	STATES STATES OF THE BEST OF THE					Part of the last o	State of the Control	
		Ma	March 31, 2023	3	Mai	March 31, 2022			
S	Ratios	Numerat	Denomin	Value	Numerat Denomin	Denomin	Value	% Variance	Reason for Variance
No		or	ator	value	or	ator	, anna	*	
1	Current Ratio	9.43	8.22	1.15	17.95	8.51	2.11	-45.61%	
2	Debt-equity Ratio	Z	Not applicable		No	Not Applicable			The Company doesn't have any debt hence the same is
~	Debt service coverage ratio	Z	Not applicable	i	Nc	Not Applicable			furnished as not applicable
4	Return on equity ratio	-10.20	5.33	-1.92	-10.88	16.41	99.0-	1.89	Due to lower sales in current year
· L	Inventory furnover ratio				Not applicable	ole			The Company doesn't have any inventory
, 4	Trade receivables turnover ratio				Not applicable	ole			The Company doesn't have any trade receivables
9	Haue receivables curinover runs							State of the state	The Company doesn't have any purchases during the
1	Trade navables furnover ratio				Not applicable	ole			year
. α					Not applicable	ole			The Company doesn't have any sales during the
0	Net profit ratio				Not applicable	ole			current year
10		-9.08	1.21	-750%	92.6-	9.44	-103%	626%	
1		Z	Not applicable	0	Ň	Not Applicable			
						A SECTION AND PROPERTY.		The state of the s	

# Note on Ratios:

- Current ratio = Current assets / Current liabilities
  - Debt-equity Ratio = Total Debt / Total equity 2
- Total Debt = Borrowings (current and non-current) and lease liabilities (current and non-current)
  - Debt service coverage ratio = Earnings available for debt service/ Debt Service. 3
- Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.
- Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments
- "Net Profit after tax" means reported amount of "Profit / (loss) for the period" and it does not include items of other comprehensive income
  - Return on equity ratio = Net Profits after taxes Preference Dividend / Average Shareholder's Equity
    - Inventory turnover ratio = Sales / Average Inventory
- Trade receivables turnover ratio = Net Credit Sales / Avgerage Accounts Receivable 9
  - Trade payables turnover ratio = Net Credit Purchases / Average Trade Payables
    - Net capital turnover ratio = Net Sales / Working Capital. Current Assets - Current liabilities 8
- Net profit ratio = Net Profit after taxes / Net Sales 6

Working Capital =

- employed = Earning before interest and taxes / Capital Employed Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability. Return on capital
- Return on investment ROI = (Current Value of Investment Cost of investment) / Cost of investment OHYANI

& CO

# TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

#### 18 Additional disclosures:

- i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- ii) The Company does not have any charges/satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- iii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year.
- iv) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- v) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- vi) The Company does not have transactions or balances with struck off companies.
- The Code on Social Security 2020 ("the Code") relating employee benefits, during the employment and post employment, has received presidnetial assent on September 28, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on November 13, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quanitifying the financial impact are yet to be issued.

  The Company will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Members of TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED

#### Report on the Financial Statements:

#### Opinion:

We have audited the standalone Ind AS financial statements of TD Power Systems Japan Limited ("the Company") which comprise of balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, the statement of profit & loss, statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement for the year then ended, notes to Ind AS financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and losses, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis of Opinion:**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern:

We draw attention to the following matter in the notes to financial statements:

Note 14 to the Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information which indicates that the company has accumulated losses during the year. The Company has incurred total comprehensive loss of Rs.8.23 lakhs and Rs.12.37 lakhs during the current year and previous years respectively. These conditions, along with other matters set forth in the said note, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and consequently the financial statements are drawn on realisation basis, pending approval from the authorities in the said jurisdiction.

#### **Key Audit Matters:**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

There were no key audit matters that need to be reported.

#### Management's Responsibility for Ind AS Financial Statements:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting



records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism through the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are
  also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal
  financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

- 1. The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, is not applicable to a foreign company.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with requirement of Section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended:
  - In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i) The Company has disclosed its pending litigations which would impact its financial position in note 28(b) of the Ind AS financial statements.
  - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, and also not entered into any derivative contracts, accordingly no provision is required to be made in respect of material foreseeable losses.
  - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.



- Based on the information and explanation provided and as represented to us by the management to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
  - Based on the information and explanation provided and as represented to us by the management to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
  - c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v) There was no dividend declared or paid during the year by the company accordingly, section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 is not applicable.
- As per proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For B.K.RAMADHYANI & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

**CAR SATYANARAYANA MURTHI** 

Partner
Membership No. 024248
UDIN: 23024248BGYGUF9364

Date: May 04, 2023 Place: Bangalore

