#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Members of TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED

#### **Report on the Financial Statements:**

#### Opinion:

We have audited the standalone Ind AS financial statements of TD Power Systems Japan Limited ("the Company") which comprise of balance sheet as at March 31, 2020, the statement of profit & loss, statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement for the year then ended, notes to Ind AS financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and losses, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis of Opinion:**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern:**

We draw attention to the following matter in the notes to financial statements:

Note 23 to the Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information which indicates that the company has accumulated losses during the year. The Company has incurred total comprehensive loss of Rs. 71.46 lakhs and Rs. 182.38 lakhs during the current year and previous years respectively and Note 22 with respect to possible effects that may result from COVID-19 pandemic on the carrying value of assets. These conditions, along with other matters set forth in the said note, does not indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our report on the Financial Statement is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Key Audit Matters:**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

There were no key audit matters that need to be reported.

### Management's Responsibility for Ind AS Financial Statements:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism through the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
  risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
  related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company
  to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
  required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone
  financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our
  conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
  However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going
  concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

- The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable in case of foreign company.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, is not applicable to a foreign company.

- 9) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, and also not entered into any derivative contracts, accordingly no provision is required to be made in respect of material foreseeable losses.
  - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

#### For B.K.RAMADHYANI & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

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#### CA R SATYANARAYANA MURTHI

Partner Membership No. 024248 UDIN:20024248AAAAAL5987

Date: June 2, 2020 Place: Bangalore

a .: 1	Note	As at 31.03	3.2020	As at 31.0	03.2019
Particulars	No	₹	₹	₹	₹
I. ASSETS					
Financial assets:					
Trade Receivable	2	-		1,729.97	
Cash and cash equivalent	3	273.57		383.70	
Other Current assets	4	-	273.57	86.78	2,200.45
	_		273.57		2,200.45
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity:					
Share Capital	5	122.44		122.44	
Other equity	6 _	(99.06)	23.38	(27.60)	94.84
Current Liabilities					
Financial liablities					
Trade payables					
- total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and					
Small enterprises	7	-		-	
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than	,				
micro enterprises and Small enterprises		0.28		2,100.45	
Other current liabilities	8	248.65		3.40	
Short-term provisions	9 _	1.26	250.19	1.76	2,105.61
	=		273.57		2,200.45
In Accordance with our Report attached					
For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP	For and	on behalf of E	Board of Dir	ectors	
Chartered Accountants	Mohib	Digitally signed by Mohib Nomanbhai			
Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021	Nomanbh Khericha	Date: 2020.06.02 16:20:58 +05'30'			
	Mohib N	l Khericha			
	Director				
R Digitally signed by R SATYANARAYANA SATYANARAY MURTHI ANIA ANI DTULI Date: 2020.06.02					
ANA MURTHI Date: 2020.06.02 18:31:34 +05'30'	NIKHIL	Digitally signed by NIKHIL KUMAR			
R Satyanarayana Murthi	KUMAF	Date: 2020.06.02 16:52:23 +05'30'			
Partner	Nikhil Kı	umar			
Membership No.024248	Director				
Place : Bangalore					
Date : 2nd June 2020					

## **TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED** STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE

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	Particulars	Note No	Year ended 31.03.2020	Year ended 31.03.2019
		NO	₹	₹
I.	Revenue from Operations	10	-	1,932.60
II.	Other Income	11	0.44	0.44
Ш	Total revenue (I + II)	_	0.44	1,933.04
IV	Expenses	_		
	Purchase of traded goods	12	-	1,835.97
	Employee benefits expense	13	51.27	265.95
	Other expenses	14	20.26	15.01
	Total Expenses	_	71.53	2,116.93
V	Profit/(loss)before tax (III-IV)	<del>-</del>	(71.09)	(183.89)
VI	Tax expense:			
	- Current tax		0.56	1.13
	- Deferred tax		-	-
VII	Profit/(loss) for the period (V-VI)	_	(71.65)	(185.02)
VIII	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	15	0.19	2.64
	Income tax on the above		-	-
	Total	_	0.19	2.64
	Total comprehensive income for the period (VII+VIII)	_	(71.46)	(182.38)
IX	Earning per equity share:			
	Basic and Diluted (Rs.)		(3,573.00)	(9,119.00)

In Accordance with our Report attached

## For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

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## R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

Membership No.024248

Place: Bangalore Date: 2nd June 2020

## For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Mohib Nomanbhai Khericha

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Mohib N Khericha

Director

NIKHIL KUMA NIKHILI Date: 20

**Nikhil Kumar** 

Director

## TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31ST MARCH 2020

Particulars	Numbers	Amount in Lakhs
Equity Share Capital:		
Equity shares of JPY 10000 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
As at 1st April 2018	2,000	122.44
Issue of share capital	-	-
As at 31st March 2019	2,000	122.44
As at 1st April 2019	2,000	122.44
Issue of share capital	-	-
As at 31st March 2020	2,000	122.44

### **Other Equity**

Particulars	Retained earnings	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operation	Total other equity
As at 1st April 2018	117.84	36.94	154.78
Profit for the year 1st April 2018 to 31st March 2019	(185.02)	-	(185.02)
Other comprehensive income	-	2.64	2.64
As at 31st March 2019	(67.18)	39.58	(27.60)
As at 1st April 2019	(67.18)	39.58	(27.60)
Profit for the period 1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020	(71.65)	-	(71.65)
Other comprehensive income	-	0.19	0.19
As at 31st March 2020	(138.83)	39.77	(99.06)

In Accordance with our Report attached

## For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

R Digitally signed by R SATYANARAYANA
SATYANARAY MURTHI
ANA MURTHI Date: 2020.06.02
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#### R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

Membership No.024248

Place : Bangalore
Date : 2nd June 2020

### For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Mohib Digitally signed by Mohib Nomanbhai Khericha Date: 2020.06.02 16:23:36+05'30' Mohib N Khericha

Director

NIKHIL Digitally signed by NIKHIL KUMA KUMAR Date: 2020.06.02 16:50:39 +05'30'

Nikhil Kumar

Director

	Particulars	Year ended 3	1.03.2020	Year ended 3	1.03.2019
Α	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
	Net Profit before tax		(71.09)		(183.89)
	Adjustments for:				
	Interest Income		(0.44)		(0.44)
	Operating profit before Working Capital Changes		(71.53)		(184.33)
	Adjustments for				
	Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables	1,729.97		(1,729.97)	
	Decrease/(Increase) Other Receivables	86.78		(36.31)	
	Decrease/(Increase) Inventory	-		-	
	(Decrease)/Increase in Trade Payables	(2,100.17)		2,100.45	
	(Decrease)/Increase in Other Payable	245.25	(38.17)	(71.21)	262.96
	Cash generated from Operations		(109.70)		78.63
	Direct Taxes Paid		1.06		(0.63)
	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		(110.76)		79.26
В	Cash flow from Investing Activities				
	Interest Received		0.44		0.44
	Net Cash used in investing activities		0.44		0.44
	Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(110.32)		79.70
	Net Foreign exchange difference on translation		0.19		2.64
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning		383.70		301.36
	Cash and cash equivalents at close		273.57		383.70
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year- Constitute				
	- Balances with banks				
	In current accounts		273.57		383.70

NOTES: Cashflows are reported using the indirect method. Cash and cash equivalents is after adjusting translation gain/loss.

In Accordance with our Report attached

For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

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SATYANARAY MURTHI
ANA MURTHI Date: 2020.06.02
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R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner
Membership No.024248

Place : Bangalore Date : 2nd June 2020

#### For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Mohib
Nomanbhai
Khericha
Mohib N Khericha
Date: 2020.06.02
16:24:23 +05'30'
Mohib N Khericha

Director

NIKHIL Digitally signed by NIKHIL KUMAR Date: 2020.06.02 16:51:18 +05'30'

Nikhil Kumar

Director

#### SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2020

#### 1 Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements:

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis and on accrual method of accounting. Historical cost convention is adopted while preparing financial statements. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period.

#### 1.2 Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, and value added tax/GST.

The Company recognizes revenue from sale of goods when the following criteria have been satisfied:

- (a) the entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- (b) the entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (d) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- (e) the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably

#### Timing of recognition:

Revenue from Sale of Manufactured goods and in case of project business is recognized on shipment to customers or acceptance by the customers. On Service contracts, revenue is recognised based on the estimates made on completion as at the end of the reporting period.

#### Measurement of revenue:

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

#### 1.3 Property Pland and Equipment:

All items of Property, Plant and Equipment's are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment losses, if any. the cost of Property, Plant and Equipment's are stated at cost of acquisition excluding vatable duties, inclusive of freight, taxes and incidental expenses relating to the acquisition and finance cost on borrowings utilized for acquisition of qualifying Property, Plant and Equipment's.

Property, Plant and Equipment's manufactured internally and capitalised at Factory Cost.

### Depreciation:

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided using straight line method (SLM) with reference to the estimated useful life of the Property, Plant and Equipment's less its residual value as prescribed under Schedule II of The Companies Act 2013, or actual useful life of the asset, whichever is lower. Property, Plant and Equipment's costing below Rs. 5,000/- are depreciated fully. Depreciation is charged for complete quarter on addition / deletion.

## 1.4 Inventories:

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, which ever is lower. Raw materials and bought out items are valued on first in first out basis as per Accounting Standard - 2 and includes material cost, carriage inward, insurance and purchase related expenses. Cost in respect of work in progress and finished goods are based on works cost.

#### 1.5 Foreign currency transactions:

- a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into Indian rupees at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.
- b) Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities outstanding at the end of the year are restated at the exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date. In terms of IND AS 21, the exchange gains/losses are charged to other comprehensive income..
- c) Non monetary items denominated in foreign currency, are valued at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction.
- d) In respect of overseas branches, financial statements are translated as if the transactions are those of the Company itself.

#### TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED

#### SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2020

#### 1.6 Borrowing Cost:

Interest and other borrowing cost on borrowings relatable to qualifying assets are capitalized up to the date such assets are ready for use. Other interest and borrowing cost are charged to Profit & Loss Account.

#### 1.7 Contingent Liabilities:

Financial effects of contingent liabilities are disclosed based on information available up to the date on which financial statements are approved. However, where a reasonable estimate of financial effect cannot be made, suitable disclosures are made with regard to this fact and the existence and nature of the contingent liability.

#### 1.8 Impairment of assets:

At each balance sheet date, the management reviews the carrying amount of its asset to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. Reversal of impairment loss, if any, is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.9 Leases:

#### Company as a Lessee:

Contracts with third party, which give the company the right of use in respect of an Asset, are accounted in line with the provisions of Ind AS 116 – Leases, if the recognition criteria as specified in the Accounting standard are met.

Lease payments associated with Short terms leases and Leases in respect of Low value assets are charged off as expenses on straight line basis over lease term or other systematic basis, as applicable.

At commencement date, the value of "right of use" is capitalised at the present value of outstanding lease payments plus any initial direct cost and estimated cost, if any, of dismantling and removing the underlying asset and presented as part of Plant, property and equipment.

Liability for lease is created for an amount equivalent to the present value of outstanding lease payments and presented as Borrowing. Subsequent measurement, if any, is made using Cost model.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability created and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the Statement of Profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.

#### Company as a lessor:

Leases are classified as operating lease or a finance lease based on the recognition criteria specified in Ind AS 116 - Leases

### Finance Lease:

At commencement date, amount equivalent to the "net investment in the lease" is presented as a Receivable. The implicit interest rate is used to measure the value of the "net investment in Lease".

Each lease payment is allocated between the Receivable created and finance income. The finance income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss over the lease period so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in Lease.

The asset is tested for de-recognition and impairment requirements as per Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.

Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.

## **Operating Lease:**

The company recognises lease payments from operating leases as income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis, if required.

Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.

	Amount in Lakh
Particulars	As at As at 31.03.2020 31.03.2019
	₹ ₹
2 TRADE RECEIVABLES:	
Trade Receivable	- 1,729.9
Less: Expected credit loss allowance	<u> </u>
	- 1,729.9
Additional information:	
Breakup of above:	
Unsecured, considered good	- 1,729.9
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	
Total	- 1,729.9
3 CASH AND BANK BALANCES:	
Balances with banks	
- on current accounts	273.57 383.70
	273.57 383.70
4 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS:	
Others advances	86.73
	- 86.73

## 5 SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
Authorized:		
Equity shares of JPY 10,000/- each:		
Number of Equity Shares	8,000	8,000
Amount of Equity Share Capital (in JPY)	800.00	800.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:		
Equity shares of JPY 10,000/- each		
Number of Equity Shares		
At the beginning of the year	2,000	2,000
Issued during the year	-	-
At the close of the year	2,000	2,000
Amount of Equity Share Capital (Amount in Lakhs)		
At the beginning of the year	122.44	122.4
Issued during the year	-	-
At the close of the year	122.44	122.4
Particulars of equity share holders holding more than 5% of the total paid	As at	As at
up equity share capital:	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
TD Power Systems Limited (Holding Company)		
- Number of Shares held	2,000	2,00
- Percentage of Share Capital	100.00%	100.00

	Amount in Lak				
	Particulars	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019		
		₹	₹		
6	OTHER EQUITY:				
	Surplus i.e. balance in Statement of Profit & Loss				
	As at the beginning of the year	(67.18)	117.84		
	Add: Transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	(71.65)	(185.02		
	As at the end of the year - A	(138.83)	(67.18		
	Other Comprehensive Income				
	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations				
	As at the beginning of the year	39.58	36.94		
	Add: Transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	0.19	2.64		
	As at the end of the year - B	39.77	39.58		
	Total (A+B)	(99.06)	(27.60		
7	TRADE PAYABLES				
	-total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and Small enterprises	-	-		
	-total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and Small				
	enterprises	0.28	2,100.45		
		0.28	2,100.45		
8	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
	Advance received from customers	241.58	3.40		
	Other Payables	7.07	-		
		248.65	3.40		
9	SHORT TERM PROVISIONS:				
	Provision for taxation	1.26	1.76		
		1.26	1.76		

Note	Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2020	Year ended 31.03.2019	
No.		₹	₹	
10	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS:			
	Sale of Goods			
	- Power Business		1,932.60	
		-	1,932.60	
11	OTHER INCOME:			
	Interest income on Bank Deposits	0.44	0.44	
		0.44	0.44	
12	PURCHASE FOR PROJECTS BUSINESS			
	Purchases for Projects Business	-	1,835.97	
			1,835.97	
13	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES:			
	Salaries and wages	47.04	255.93	
	Staff welfare expenses	4.23	10.02	
		51.27	265.95	
14	OTHER EXPENSES:			
	Rates and taxes	1.10	0.11	
	Legal and professional charges	7.65	5.74	
	Travelling and Conveyance	-	4.56	
	Bank Charges	11.39	4.52	
	Postage and Courier	0.02	-	
	Subscription to Technical Associations, Journals & Magazines	0.10	0.08	
		20.26	15.01	
15	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS):			
	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	0.19	2.64	
		0.19	2.64	

#### **TD POWER SYSTEMS JAPAN LIMITED**

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

#### 16 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

SI. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship
1	T D Power Systems Ltd,.	Holding Company
2(a)	DF Power Systems Pvt Ltd,.	
2(b)	TD Power Systems USA Inc.	Fellow Subsidiary
2(c)	TD Power Systems Europe GmbH	reliow Subsidiary
2(d)	TD Power Systems Jenerator Sanayi Anonim Sirketi	

- 17 The company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as on the reporting date.
- 18 The company does not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 19 The Company will be executing orders in the ensuring years on a emerging favourable market conditions. However during the year no orders have been executed. The financial have been drawn on going concern basis.
- 20 There are no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company as on the reporting date
- 21 The company has accumulated losses as at the end of the reporting period. However, the company's holding company is authorised by its Board to infuse further funds as and when required and the management has drawn up action plan which would reduce the company's operating costs in the coming years. Based on the order book and execution capability, profitability thereon, the management is of the opinion that the going concern assumption in preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

#### 22 Impact of COVID-19 on Business:

The management has considered the possible effects that may result from the Covid-19 pandemic on the carrying value of assets. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible future uncertainties in the economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Company, as at the date of approval of these financial statements has used internal and external sources of information to assess the expected future performance of the Company. The Company has internally assessed sensitivity of the assumptions used and based on the current estimates, the Company expects that the carrying amount of these assets, as reflected in the balance sheet as at March 31, 2020, are fully recoverable. The management has also estimated the future cash flows for the Company with the possible effects that may result from the COVID-19 pandemic and does not foresee any adverse impact on its ability to continue as going concern and in meeting its liabilities as and when they fall due. The actual impact of the Covid-19 pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

23 Previous reporting year figures have been regrouped wherever required in conformity with the presentation for the current reporting year.