				Amo	unt in Lakhs
Particulars	Note		1.03.2023	As at 3	1.03.2022
I. ASSETS	No	₹	₹	₹	₹
Non - current assets					
Property, plant and equipments	2		28.04		28.17
Current Assets Inventories Financial assets: Trade receivables	3	129.90 3,595.52		838.42 2,342.37	
Cash and cash equivalents	5	1,270.18		1,251.33	
Other current financial assets	6	16.37			
Other current assets	7	1,027.68	6,039.65	5.51 633.81	5,071.44
. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			6,067.69	=	5,099.61
Equity: Share Capital Other equity	8 9	414.12 403.34	817.46	414.12 285.28	699.40
Current Liabilities					
Financial liablities Trade payables					
 total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and Small enterprises total outstanding dues of creditors other than 	10				
micro enterprises and Small enterprises		3,656.96		3,000.22	
Other current financial liabilities	11	533.58		329.26	
Other current liabilities	12	924.01		966.52	
Current tax liability - Net	13 _	135.68	5,250.23	104.21	4,400.21
			6,067.69		5,099.61

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements
In Accordance with our Report attached

For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

SATYANARAYANA Digitally signed by SATYANARAYANA MURTHI RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04 18:16:10 +05'30'

R Satyanarayana Murthi

Membership No.024248

Place : Bangalore Date : 4th May 2023

Partner

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

NIKHIL Digitally signed by NIKHIL KUMAR

MIKHIL KUMAR

Date: 2023.05.04

16:53:43 +05'30'

Nikhil Kumar Managing Director

Place : Bangalore Date : 4th May 2023



	Particulars	Note No -	Year ended 31.03.2023	Year ended 31.03.2022
	Revenue from Operations		₹	₹
II.		14	9,237.53	8,754.72
III	전 12 2 H - 12 2 H - 12 H -	15 _	15.20	11.70
IV	Expenses	_	9,252.73	8,766.42
	Purchase of Stock in Trade	16	7,484.29	7,141.32
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	17		
	Employee benefits expense	18	708.52	757.28
	Depreciation and amortization expense	19	639.31	426.95
	Other expenses	20	6.63	6.34
	Total Expenses		249.01	169.82
V	Profit/(loss)before tax (III-IV)	-	9,087.76	8,501.71
VI	Tax expense:		164.97	264.71
	- Current tax		44.57	105.60
	Profit (Loss) for the period (V-VI) Other Comprehensive Income		120.40	159.11
	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	21	(2.34)	2.76
	Total		(2.34)	2.76
	Total comprehensive income for the year (VII+VIII) Earnings per share		118.06	161.87
	Basic and Diluted (₹.)		21.89	28.93

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements In Accordance with our Report attached

For B K Ramadhyani & Co	o. LLP	& Co.	ani	amadh	KR	B	For
-------------------------	--------	-------	-----	-------	----	---	-----

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

SATYANARAYANA Digitally signed by SATYANARAYANA MURTHI **MURTHI**

RAMACHANDRAN RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04 18:16:35

R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

Membership No.024248

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

NIKHIL Digitally signed by NIKHIL

Nikhil Kumar

Managing Director

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023



TD POWER SYSTEMS EUROPE GmbH STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

	Amour	it in Lakhs
Particulars a. Equity Share Capital:	Numbers	₹
Equity shares of Euro 1 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
As at 1st April 2021		
Issue of share capital	5,50,000	414.12
As at 31st March 2022		•
	5,50,000	414.12
As at 1st April 2022	F F0 000	
Issue of share capital	5,50,000	414.12
As at 31st March 2023		
	5,50,000	414.12

		Other equity	nt in Lakhs
Particulars at 1st April 2021 offit for the period 1st April 2021 to 31st March 2022	Retained Earnings	Exchange Difference on translation of foreign operation	Total equity
A	₹	₹	₹
	123.59	(0.18)	123.41
	159.11		159.11
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations		2.76	
As at 31st March 2022	282.70	2.58	2.76 285.28
As at 1st April 2022	282.70	2.58	205.20
Profit for the period 1st April 2022 to 31st March 2023	120.40	2.36	285.28
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	120,40		120.40
As at 31st March 2023		(2.34)	(2.34)
	403.10	0.24	403.34

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements In Accordance with our Report attached

For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

A MURTHI

SATYANARAYAN Digitally signed by SATYANARAYANA MURTHI RAMACHANDRAN

RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04 18:16:58 R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

Membership No.024248

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Director:

NIKHIL

KUMAR Date: 2023.05.04 16:54:52 +05'30'

Nikhil Kumar

Managing Director

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023



Particulars	Year ended	31.03.2023	Year ended	31.03.202
A CACH ELOW EDONGO	₹	₹	₹	₹
A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Profit before tax				
Adjustments for		164.97		264.71
Depreciation	6.63	6.63	6.34	6.34
Operating profit before Working Capital Changes		171.60	0.01	271.05
Adjustments for				2/1.03
Trade Receivables	(1,253.15)		(631.42)	
Other Receivables	(404.73)		(218.00)	
Inventories	708.52		757.28	
Trade Payables	656.74		284.66	
Other Payables	161.81	(130.81)	322.52	515.04
Cash generated from operations		40.79	322.32	
Direct taxes paid		(13.10)		786.09
Net Cash from/(used in) Operating Activities		27.69		(105.60) 680.49
B Cash flow from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property, plant and equipments		((=0)		
Net Cash used in investing activities		(6.50)		(0.89)
		(6.50)		(0.89)
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents				
Net Foreign exchange difference on translation		21.19		679.60
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning		(2.34)		2.76
Cash and cash equivalents at close		1,251.33		568.97
onon and cush equivalents at close		1,270.18		1,251.33
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year- Constitute				
- Balances with banks				
In current accounts		1,270.18		1,251.33
OTES: Cashflows are reported using the indirect method. Cash and cash				

NOTES: Cashflows are reported using the indirect method. Cash and cash equivalents is after adjusting translation gain/loss. In Accordance with our Report attached

For B K Ramadhyani & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

SATYANARAYANA Digitally signed by SATYANARAYANA MURTHI RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04 18:17:22 +05'30'

R Satyanarayana Murthi

Partner

Membership No.024248

Place: Bangalore

NIKHIL Digitally signed by NIKHIL KUMAR NIKHIL KUMAR Date: 2023.05.04 16:55:16 +05'30' Nikhil Kumar

Managing Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Bangalore Date: 4th May 2023



TD POWER SYSTEMS EUROPE GmbH SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

1 Significant Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements:

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis and on accrual method of accounting. Historical cost convention is adopted while preparing financial statements. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period.

1.2 Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, and value added tax/GST. The Company recognizes revenue from sale of goods when the following criteria have been satisfied:

- (a) the entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- (b) the entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (d) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- (e) the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably

Timing of recognition:

Revenue from Sale of Manufactured goods and in case of project business is recognized on shipment to customers or acceptance by the customers. On Service contracts, revenue is recognised based on the estimates made on completion as at the end of the reporting period.

Measurement of revenue:

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

1.3 A. Property Pland and Equipment:

All items of Property, Plant and Equipment's are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of Property, Plant and Equipment's are stated at cost of acquisition excluding vatable duties, inclusive of freight, taxes and incidental expenses relating to the acquisition and finance cost on borrowings utilized for acquisition of qualifying Property, Plant and Equipment's.

Property, Plant and Equipment's manufactured internally and capitalised at Factory Cost.

B. Depreciation:

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided using straight line method (SLM) with reference to the estimated useful life of the Property, Plant and Equipment's less its residual value as prescribed under Schedule II of The Companies Act 2013, or actual useful life of the asset, whichever is lower. Property, Plant and Equipment's costing below ₹. 5,000/- are depreciated fully. Depreciation is charged for complete quarter on addition / deletion.

1.4 Inventories:

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Raw materials and bought out items are valued on first in first out basis and includes material cost, carriage inward, insurance and purchase related expenses. Cost in respect of work in progress and finished goods include appropriate portion of overhead. Net realization value represents the selling price for inventory less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.



TD POWER SYSTEMS EUROPE GmbH

SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

1.5 Foreign currency transactions:

- a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into Indian rupees at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.
- b) Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities outstanding at the end of the year are restated at the exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date. In terms of IND AS 21, the exchange gains/losses are charged to other comprehensive income.
- c) Non monetary items denominated in foreign currency, are valued at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction.
- d) In respect of overseas branches, financial statements are translated as if the transactions are those of the Company itself.

1.6 Borrowing Cost:

Interest and other borrowing cost on borrowings relatable to qualifying assets are capitalized up to the date such assets are ready for use. Other interest and borrowing cost are charged to Profit & Loss Account.

1.7 Provision and contingencies

A Provision is recognized when an enterprise has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of past event; and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes.

1.8 Contingent Liabilities:

Financial effects of contingent liabilities are disclosed based on information available up to the date on which financial statements are approved. However, where a reasonable estimate of financial effect cannot be made, suitable disclosures are made with regard to this fact and the existence and nature of the contingent liability.

1.9 Impairment of assets:

At each balance sheet date, the management reviews the carrying amount of its asset to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. Reversal of impairment loss, if any, is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

1.7 Leases:

Company as a Lessee:

Contracts with third party, which give the company the right of use in respect of an Asset, are accounted in line with the provisions of Ind AS 116 - Leases, if the recognition criteria as specified in the Accounting standard are

Lease payments associated with Short terms leases and Leases in respect of Low value assets are charged off as expenses on straight line basis over lease term or other systematic basis, as applicable.

At commencement date, the value of "right of use" is capitalised at the present value of outstanding lease payments plus any initial direct cost and estimated cost, if any, of dismantling and removing the underlying asset and presented as part of Plant, property and equipment.

Liability for lease is created for an amount equivalent to the present value of outstanding lease payments and presented as Borrowing. Subsequent measurement, if any, is made using Cost model.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability created and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the Statement of Profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.



TD POWER SYSTEMS EUROPE GmbH SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

Company as a lessor:

Leases are classified as operating lease or a finance lease based on the recognition criteria specified in Ind AS 116 -

Finance Lease:

At commencement date, amount equivalent to the "net investment in the lease" is presented as a Receivable. The implicit interest rate is used to measure the value of the "net investment in Lease".

Each lease payment is allocated between the Receivable created and finance income. The finance income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss over the lease period so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in Lease.

The asset is tested for de-recognition and impairment requirements as per Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments. Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.

Operating Lease:

The company recognises lease payments from operating leases as income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis, if required.

Lease modifications, if any are accounted as a separate lease if the recognition criteria specified in the standard are met.



Note 2: FIXED ASSETS

		10000							Amo	Amount in Lakhe
	5	GRUSS BLOCK (AT COST)	K (AT COS	J.		DEPRE	DEPRECIATION	E TO THE PERSON NAMED IN	T. Marie	TO OUT
Particulars	Acat	1 (A)	The Sales of the S						NEI B	NEI BLOCK
	01.04.2022	Additions	Disposal	As at 31.03.2023	As at 01.04.2022	For the	Disposals	Asat		Asat
Office Equipments	210	2/2						31.03.2023	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	7.40	20.6		8.10	2.47	0.80		227	100	
Furniture & Fixtures	8 95			100	1	2		77.0	4.83	0.01
Committee	255			8.95	2.09	0.85		5.94	3.01	306
combuters	7.79	0.88	-	8.67	5 97	0.07			10.0	3.00
Communication Equipments	525				1000	16:0	•	6.94	1.73	1.82
	0.43			5.25	5.25			525		
Motor Vehicle	33.79			33.70	11.01	,		0.40		
TOTAI	1001			23.17	11.31	4.01		15.32	18.47	22.48
TUIOI	97.89	6.50		64.76	30.09	663				21.11
Provious Voar	1011		STREET, STREET		1000	0.03		36.72	28.04	28.17
Trenons real	51.37	0.89		58.26	22.75	163		0000		
				01100		77.		0000	-	

Note:

Depreciation is calculated on the basis of the estimated useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II or actual useful life of the asset whichever is lower. The Life of assets followed by company is as follows:

Asset	Useful life (in Years)
Office equipment	5
Furniture and fittings	10
Computers	3
Motor Vehicle	8
Communication equipments	22



	Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
3	INVENTORIES:	₹	₹
	Stock in trade		
		129.90	838.4
		129.90	838.42
4	TRADE RECEIVABLES:		
	Trade Receivable		
		3,595.52	2,342.3
	Additional information:	3,595.52	2,342.37
	Breakup of above:		
	Unsecured, considered good	2 505 50	
		3,595.52	2,342.37
	Trade Receivables ageing schedule	3,595.52	2,342.37
	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good		
	Less than 6 months		
	Disputed Trade receivables	3,445.28	2,200.51
	2 to 3 years		
		150.24	141.86
		3,595.52	2,342.37
	Additional disclosure:		
	Receivable from Holding Company		
	Receivable from froiding Company	21.05	9.71
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
	Balances with banks		
	- on current accounts		
	on current accounts	1,270.18	1,251.33
		1,270.18	1,251.33
(OTHED CUIDDENT EINANGVAL AGGREG		
	OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS Rent Deposit		
	Kent Deposit	16.37	5.51
		16.37	5.51
•	OTHED CUDDENT ACCOME		
	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS:		
	Frade advance	720.27	534.92
	Balance with government authorities	307.02	97.01
r	Prepaid Expenses	0.39	1.88
		1,027.68	633.81
	Additional disclosure:		
1	rade advance paid to Holding Company	720.27	534.92



8 SHARE CAPITAL

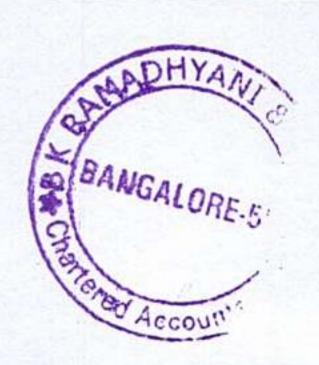
	Amo	unt in Lakhs
Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Authorised, Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:		
Equity shares of Euro. 1/- each		
Number of Equity Shares:		
At the beginning of the year	F F0 000	
Issued during the year	5,50,000	5,50,000
At the close of the year		•
	5,50,000	5,50,000
Amount of Equity Share Capital (in lakhs)		
At the beginning of the year	44440	
Issued during the year	414.12	414.12
At the close of the year		
	414.12	414.12

Note: The Board of Directors have approved investment upto ₹ 500 lakhs in share capital of the subsidiary in their meeting held on 3rd February 2016.

Particulars of equity share holders holding more than 5% of the total paid up equity share capital:	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
TD Power Systems Limited (Holding Company)		0210012022
- Number of Shares held	5,50,000	F F0 000
- Percentage of Share Capital		5,50,000
g	100.00%	100.00%



			Am	ount in Lakh
		Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
_	OTHER EQUITY:		₹	₹
		Statement - CD - C. C.		
	As at the beginning of th	Statement of Profit & Loss		
		Statement of Profit and Loss	282.70	123.59
	As at the end of the year		120.40	159.11
	ar the character year		403.10	282.70
	Other Comprehensive	Income		
		translation of foreign operations		
	As at the beginning of th			
		tatement of Profit and Loss	2.58	(0.18)
	As at the end of the year		(2.34)	2.76
	and the critic year		0.24	2.58
	Total Equity (A+B)		400.04	
			403.34	285.28
10	TRADE PAYABLES			
	total outstanding dues of	micro enterprises and Small enterprises		
	enterprises		0.000	
			3,656.96	3,000.22
			3,656.96	3,000.22
	Additional disclosure:			
	Payable to Holding Comp	any	3,181.99	2 701 14
	Outstanding dues to Oth		3,101.99	2,781.14
	Less than 1 year		251467	206200
	1 - 2 years		3,514.67	2,863.88
			142.29	136.34
11	OTHER CURRENT FINAN	CIAL LIABILITIES:		
	Outstanding Liabilities		533.58	220.26
			533.58	329.26 329.26
				329.20
12	OTHER CURRENT LIABII	LITIES:		
	Trade advance received fr	om customers	924.01	966.52
			924.01	
			724.01	966.52
13	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	Y		
	Provision for taxation (net	of advance tax)	125 60	104.04
			135.68	104.21
			135.68	104.21



		Amount in Lakhs		
	Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2023	Year ended 31.03.2022	
14. DEVENUE EDOM OD		₹	₹	
14 REVENUE FROM OP				
Sale of goods - Power	Business	9,237.53	8,754.72	
		9,237.53	8,754.72	
15 OTHER INCOME:				
	income (net of expenses directly attributable to			
such income)	construction and actinition and the	15.20	11.70	
		15.20	11.70 11.70	
16 Dunchasse for D.				
16 Purchases for Project				
Purchases for Projects	s Business	7,484.29	7,141.32	
		7,484.29	7,141.32	
17 Changes in inventor stock in trade	ies of finished goods, work in progress and			
Stocks at the end of t	he year			
Stock in trade		129.90	020.42	
Less: Stocks at the be	ginning of the year	129.90	838.42	
Stock in trade		838.42	1,595.70	
		708.52	757.28	
10 EMDI OVER DENVEN				
18 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT	EXPENSES:			
Salaries and wages		234.55	163.79	
Remuneration to mana		359.63	233.29	
Staff welfare expenses		45.13	29.87	
		639.31	426.95	
9 DEPRECIATION AND A	AMORTIZATION.			
Depreciation	ANDRITZATION.			
		6.63	6.34	
		6.63	6.34	



	Am	Amount in Lakhs		
Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2023	Year ended 31.03.2022		
20 OTHER EXPENSES	₹	₹		
20 OTHER EXPENSES: Rent				
그는 사람들이 많은 그는 그는 그들은 그리고 그리고 있는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없었다. 그는 것이 없는 것이다.	21.70	16.82		
Repairs and maintenance				
- Others	2.06	0.66		
Insurance	0.27	0.48		
Rates and taxes	0.96	0.48		
Legal and professional charges	50.11	74.07		
Bank charges	18.99	16.44		
Travelling and Conveyance	21.16	5.74		
Postage, Telegrams and Telephones	8.11			
Vehicle Maintenance		5.91		
Advertisement	9.93	2.63		
Printing & Stationary	0.07			
Selling Expenses	5.77	2.49		
Miscellaneous Expenses		1.46		
	73.21	37.76		
Foreing exchange loss	36.67	4.88		
	249.01	169.82		
21 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS):				
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	(2.34)	2.76		
	(2.34)	2.76		



22 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Sl. No.	Name of the related party	Relationship		
1	Nikhil Kumar	Key Managorial Dayson al		
2	T D Power Systems Limited	Key Managerial Personnel		
	DF Power Systems Private Limited	Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary		
	TD Power Systems Japan Limited			
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	TD Power Systems USA Inc.			
3(d)	TD Power Systems Jenerator Sanayi Anonim Sirketi			

DETAILS OF TRANSACTIONS:

Am	n	un	t	in	Lal	L-I	10
TARRE	v	u	L	TIT	La	N	118

CI		Amount in Lakhs			
Sl. No.	Nature of transactions	Holding Company	Key Managerial Personnel		
1	Managerial Remuneration				
	- For the year ended 31st March 2023		359.63		
	- For the year ended 31st March 2022		233.29		
2	Purchase of Generators from Holding Company		233.29		
	- For the year ended 31st March 2023	6,983.16			
	- For the year ended 31st March 2022	6,766.20			
3	Sales and services to Holding Company	0,7 00.20			
	- For the year ended 31st March 2023	355.01			
	- For the year ended 31st March 2022	319.02			
4	Reimbursement of Bank Guarantee charges	017.02			
	- For the year ended 31st March 2023	4.30			
	- For the year ended 31st March 2022	1.35			
5	Amount receivable from Holding Company	1.00			
	- As at 31st March 2023	21.05			
	- As at 31st March 2022	9.71			
6	Amount payable to Holding Company	7.71			
	- As at 31st March 2023	3,181.99			
	- As at 31st March 2022	2,781.14			
	Trade advances paid to Holding Company	2,701.14			
	- As at 31st March 2023	720.27			
	- As at 31st March 2022	534.92			

- The company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial positon as on the reporting date.
- 24 The company does not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- There are no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company as on the reporting date



OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023 UROPE GmbH NOTES FORMING PART TD POWER SYSTEMS E

26 Details of Key Ratios: - (All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise

Note on Ratios:

- Current ratio = Current assets / Current liabilities
- Debt-equity Ratio = Total Debt / Total equity 2

Total Debt = Borrowings (current and non-current) and lease liabilities (current and non-current)

Debt service coverage ratio = Earnings available for debt service/ Debt Service, 3

and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation of Fixed assets etc.

Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments

"Net Profit after tax" means reported amount of "Profit / (loss) for the period" and it does not include items of other comprehensive income

- J. Return on equity ratio = Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend / Average Shareholder's Equi
 - Inventory turnover ratio = Sales / Average Inventory
- Trade receivables turnover ratio = Net Credit Sales / Avgerage Accounts Receivable 9
 - Trade payables turnover ratio = Net Credit Purchases / Average Trade Payables
 - Net capital turnover ratio = Net Sales / Working Capital. 8

Working Capital = Current Assets - Current liabilities

- Net profit ratio = Net Profit after taxes / Net Sales 6
- Return on capital employed = Earning before interest and taxes / Capital Employed Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability. 10
 - ROI = (Current Value of Investment Cost of investment) / Cost of investment 11 Return on investment



No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

28 Recent amendments to Standards:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of financial Statements:

This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors:

This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates.

29 Additional disclosures:

- i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- ii) The Company does not have any charges/satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- iii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year.
- iv) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- v) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- vi) The Company does not have transactions or balances with struck off companies.
- 30 The Code on Social Security 2020 ("the Code") relating employee benefits, during the employment and post employment, has received presidnetial assent on September 28, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on November 13, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are yet to be issued.

The Company will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

31 Previous reporting year figures have been regrouped wherever required in conformity with the presentation for the current reporting year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of TD POWER SYSTEMS EUROPE GmbH

Report on the Financial Statements:

Opinion:

We have audited the standalone Ind AS financial statements of TD Power Systems Europe GmbH ("the Company") which comprise of balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, the statement of profit & loss, statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement for the year then ended, notes to Ind AS financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 and profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters:

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

There were no key audit matters that need to be reported.

Management's Responsibility for Ind AS Financial Statements:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism through the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

- The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable in case of foreign company.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:



- We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, is not applicable to a foreign company.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with requirement of Section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, remuneration paid to the Directors is in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed its pending litigations which would impact its financial position in note 28(b) of the Ind AS financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, and also not entered into any derivative contracts, accordingly no provision is required to be made in respect of material foreseeable losses.
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - Based on the information and explanation provided and as represented to us by the management to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries



- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, is not applicable to a foreign company.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with requirement of Section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, remuneration paid to the Directors is in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed its pending litigations which would impact its financial position in note 28(b) of the Ind AS financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, and also not entered into any derivative contracts, accordingly no provision is required to be made in respect of material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - Based on the information and explanation provided and as represented to us by the management to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries



- Based on the information and explanation provided and as represented to us by the management to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v) There was no dividend declared or paid during the year by the company accordingly, section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 is not applicable.
- vi)
 As per proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For B.K.RAMADHYANI & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 002878S/S200021

SATYANARAYANA MURTHI RAMACHANDRAN

Digitally signed by SATYANARAYANA MURTHI RAMACHANDRAN Date: 2023.05.04 18:18:50 +05'30'

CAR SATYANARAYANA MURTHI

Partner Membership No. 024248 UDIN:23024248BGYGUI3783

Date: May 04, 2023 Place: Bangalore

